

Savu

Size	Yarn Consumption	Yarn	Gauge	Needles
M	500 grams	Aran	19 x 30 10 x 10 cm	40 cm (3.5 & 4.5 mm) 80 cm (4.5 mm) double pointed (3.5 mm)



Neckline and yoke:

Cast on 90 stitches with 3.5 mm 40 cm circular needles and knit 1k1p ribbing for 20 rows. Next, knit all stitches with 4.5 mm needles while placing stitch markers after the following stitches: 14, 31, 59, 76, and 90. Raglan increases are made at the first four stitch markers as follows:

Make an increase before the stitch preceding the marker, knit the stitch before the marker and the next two stitches normally, make an increase. There will be three stitches between the increases. Increases are made every other row, and the other rows are knit normally.

When the increases have been repeated 32 times, and there are now 346 stitches on the needles, knit one more row all stitches. There are now 64 rows after the neck ribbing. Now, the work is divided into three parts: sleeves and body. Knit from the start of the row to the first stitch marker and the two stitches after the marker normally. Then, move the next 77 stitches to a holding thread. Add 10 stitches to the needles, place a stitch marker, and add another 10 stitches. Knit the next 96 stitches normally and repeat the process for the second sleeve as for the first sleeve. Knit to the end of the row. Now, the sleeve stitches are on holding threads, and there are 232 stitches on the needles for the body with stitch markers in the middle of each underarm.

Body:

Knit one row normally. On the next row, start the body decreases. Decreases are made every other row as follows:

Row 1:

Knit the two stitches before each stitch marker together, knit all other stitches normally.

Row 2:

Knit all stitches normally, no decreases.

Row 3:

Knit the two stitches after each stitch marker together, knit all other stitches normally.

Row 4:

Knit all stitches normally, no decreases.

Repeat rows 1–4 eleven times until there are 188 stitches on the needles. Transfer the stitches to 3.5 mm circular needles and knit 1k1p ribbing. Knit the ribbing for 35 rows. Finally, bind off the ribbing as follows:

Knit the first stitch of the row and purl the next, lift the first knitted stitch over the next stitch and off the needle, knit the next stitch, lift the purled stitch over the knitted stitch. Repeat until the hem is bound off.

Sleeves:

Pick up the 77 stitches left on hold and the 20 stitches under the arm with 4.5 mm needles. Knit all stitches in the round for 66 rows. Then, start the decreases. On the decrease row, knit the first two stitches of the row, knit the next two stitches together, and then knit the next two stitches. Repeat this pattern to the end of the row. Since the number of stitches in the row is not divisible by two, one stitch remains to be knitted normally after the last decrease. Now, there are 57 stitches on the needles. Knit the next row normally without decreases. On the next row, make the decreases the same way as on the previous decrease row. Since there are now 43 stitches on the needles, after the last decrease, knit the next two stitches together once more. Knit one row normally without decreases. Transfer the stitches to 3.5 mm double-pointed needles and knit 1k1p ribbing. Knit the ribbing for 40 rows and bind off in the same way as for the hem. Repeat for the other sleeve.

Finishing:

Finish the work by weaving in the ends and washing according to the yarn's washing instructions. Block the towel-dry sweater and let it dry.